

AP EURO- AP Ideologies & Revolutions Quicksheet 3- 1815-1850

Politics in the “Long 19th Century” - 1789-1914- (_____)-(_____)

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<p>Important Dates:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1814-1815 – Congress of Vienna • 1815-1848 – Age of Metternich • 1815 – Napoleon defeated; Restoration of monarchs • 1819 – Carlsbad Decrees (repression of liberal movements in Germany) • 1820 – Spanish and Italian revolutions crushed • 1821-1829 – Greek War of Independence • 1830 – Revolutions in France, Belgium, Poland, and Italy • 1832 – Reform Bill of 1832 (Britain) • 1846 – Repeal of the Corn Laws (Britain) • 1848 – Revolutions across Europe (France, Germany, Austria, Italy) • 1848-1852 – Second French Republic <p>Key Events: Congress of Vienna (1814-1815) – Meeting of _____ order; led by _____.</p> <p>Concert of Europe (1815-1850s) – System to maintain _____; opposed _____/_____.</p> <p>Decembrist Revolt (1825, Russia) – Failed _____.</p> <p>Greek War of Independence (1821-1829) – Greece gained independence from the _____.</p> <p>July Revolution (1830, France) – Overthrow of _____, establishment of _____ under _____.</p> <p>Belgian Revolution (1830) – Belgium gained independence from the _____.</p> <p>Revolutions of 1848 – Widespread uprisings in France, Italy, Germany, Austria; most failed.</p>	<p>Notable People:</p> <p>Klemens von Metternich (Austria) –</p> <p>Tsar Alexander I (Russia) –</p> <p>Louis Philippe (France) –</p> <p>Louis Blanc (France) –</p> <p>Louis Napoleon (France) –</p> <p>Giuseppe Mazzini (Italy) –</p> <p>Johann Gottfried Herder (Germany) –</p> <p>Johann Gottlieb Fichte (Germany) –</p> <p>Adam Smith (Britain) –</p> <p>David Ricardo (Britain) –</p> <p>Thomas Malthus (Britain) –</p> <p>Karl Marx & Friedrich Engels (Germany) –</p> <p>Edmund Burke (Britain) –</p> <p>Jeremy Bentham (Britain) –</p> <p>Richard Cobden & John Bright (Britain) –</p> <p>Frederic Chopin (Poland) –</p> <p>Eugène Delacroix (France) –</p> <p>Caspar David Friedrich (Germany) –.</p>	<p>Key AP Euro Terminology:</p> <p>Conservatism –</p> <p>Liberalism –</p> <p>Nationalism –</p> <p>Romanticism –</p> <p>Socialism –</p> <p>Utopian Socialism –</p> <p>Marxism –</p> <p>Laissez-Faire Economics –</p> <p>Concert of Europe –</p> <p>Realpolitik –</p> <p>Reform Act of 1832 –</p> <p>Corn Laws (1815-1846) –</p> <p>Zollverein (1834) –</p> <p>Carlsbad Decrees (1819) –</p> <p>Holy Alliance (1815) –</p> <p>June Days (1848, France) –</p> <p>Iron Law of Wages –</p> <p>Volksgeist –</p> <p>"When France sneezes, the rest of Europe catches a cold." –</p>
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