

The Civil War

- There is a group here in California that is looking to divide the state into two halves. Do you think there should be two California's? Why or why not? And where would the dividing line be? _____

Main Causes of the Civil War

1. Sectional Issues

- _____ differences
- _____ differences
- _____ differences

Slavery in the South

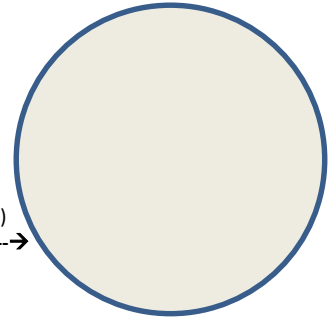
Lie #1

- _____ Southern white population _____.
- _____ (the "American _____")

Division of Slave Population

Lie #2:

- Planters regarded slaves as _____
 - Often were _____ work
 - Given to poor white laborers and immigrants.
- _____ worked side by side with their slaves
- _____ with their owners



Main Causes of the Civil War

2. Political Issues

- Congressional Power
- New Territories
- States Rights and

Slavery

- The Bear Flag Republic
- _____
 - _____
 - South: _____
 - Both?: _____
- Popular sovereignty: _____ on the issue of slavery.
- _____ : _____ determined to keep _____ from admitting slavery.
- _____ Act
 - _____ popular sovereignty
 - _____
 - "_____"
- _____ v. *Sanford*
 - _____
 - Slaves _____ without due process (going through the procedures)
 - Slavery _____ the North

Main Causes of the Civil War

3. _____

- Slave _____
- _____
- Abolitionists

Slave Rebellion

- _____
- _____ of rebellion
- _____ Rebellion
- _____

Uncle Tom's Cabin

- Written by _____
- A novel _____
- It touched readers emotionally and _____.

Different perspectives of the book:

- William Lloyd Garrison
 - _____
- John Brown
 - _____
 - _____
- Frederick Douglass

Main Causes of the Civil War

4. The Republican Party

- _____
- Supporters _____
- _____

The Republican Party

- Members
 - Free-Soilers, abolitionists
 - _____
- Platform
 - Modernization, _____

Election of 1860

- Lincoln-Douglas Debates
- _____
 - Lincoln's promise _____
 - _____

Summarize the 4 Main Causes of the Civil War

_____ (April 12, _____): The first battle of the Civil War.

The Balance of Forces

- Southern Scorecard
 - Physically _____
 - Had a _____ for fighting
 - _____
 - _____ for war
 - Southern troops _____ to fight
- Northern Scorecard
 - _____ for war
 - Had a _____
 - Had an _____ and _____
 - _____
 - _____ to fight (morale)

Anaconda Plan

Anaconda Plan: The Northern plan to _____

Bull Run Ends the "_____"

- Both sides _____
- First major battle of the Civil War
- Proved that the war would be _____ than either side anticipated.

Antietam: The bloodiest day of the war

New _____

- Lincoln's Draft
- Participants
- Original Issue
- New Issue

Life as a Soldier

Civil War Weaponry

- Most _____
- _____ than older rifles
- Other advances in weaponry
 - Gatling Gun, _____, ironclad ships, use of hot air balloons for espionage, as well as modern technologies for _____ (telegraph) and _____

Giving the North a Reason to Fight (Defining "_____")

The Emancipation Proclamation

- **Emancipation Proclamation:** _____ called for the emancipation of all slaves in _____.
- Gave the Union a moral cause

Blacks Battle Bondage

- "_____"
- Massachusetts _____

Lee's _____

- Considered the _____
- Deadliest battle of the war, ~51,000 over _____

Gettysburg Address

- Gettysburg Address: A _____ at the dedication of the cemetery created in honor of the Battle of Gettysburg.
- Clearly outlined the _____ and a swift end to the war.
- Ulysses S. Grant was promoted to Commanding General of the U.S. Army in 1864.

Grant Outlasts Lee

- _____: **A battle strategy in which one side _____ its enemy to _____.**
- **The war will usually be won by the side with _____.**

The War Ends

- On April 9, _____, Lee surrenders to Grant at Appomattox Courthouse in Virginia, effectively ending the Civil War.

Casualties of the Civil War compared to previous wars

